





Group for Research and Assessment of Psoriasis and Psoriatic Arthritis (GRAPPA): An international collaboration

Prof. Philip Helliwell

Co-chair Education, GRAPPA





Disclosures

- Received speaker fees from Novartis
- Served on advisory panel for Amgen



GRAPPA Membership 🐲 71 Countries



MEMBER TYPE	NORTH AMERICA	NON NORTH AMERICA	TOTAL
Dermatologist	120	194	314
Rheumatologist	183	515	698
Geneticist	6	5	11
Methodologist	3	11	14
Radiologist	2	5	7
Other/Scientist	39	79	118
GRAPPA PRP	5	7	12
TOTAL	358	816	1,174
EARLY CAREER MEMBERS	FULL GRAPPA MEMBERS	^A 954 TOTAL	1,174





GRAPPA Achievements – 20 years

- How did GRAPPA start?
- GRAPPA Mission
- What have we achieved?
 - Annual meetings since 2003
 - Outcome measures 2005, 2007, 2015
 - Treatments recommendations 2009, 2015, 2021
 - Educational programs
 - Young GRAPPA



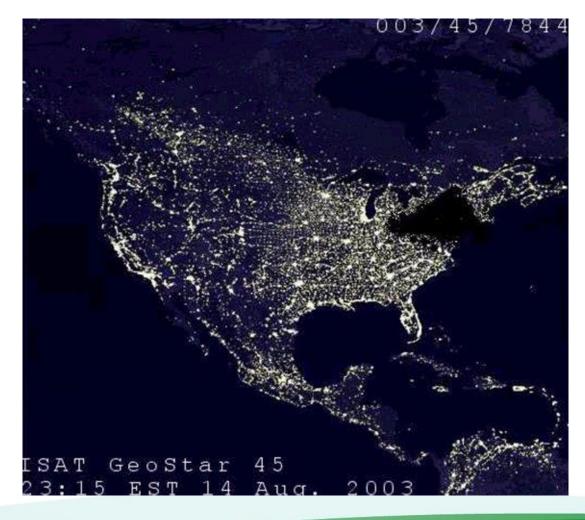


Where did GRAPPA emerge from?

- CASPAR criteria for classification, 1999
- 32 'expert' centres worldwide
- 590 patients with psoriatic arthritis
- 580 controls
- CASPAR criteria widely accepted and referenced (over 500 citations, 2013)
- To maintain collaboration, and model on ASAS, it was decided to form a new psoriatic arthritis and psoriasis focussed research group

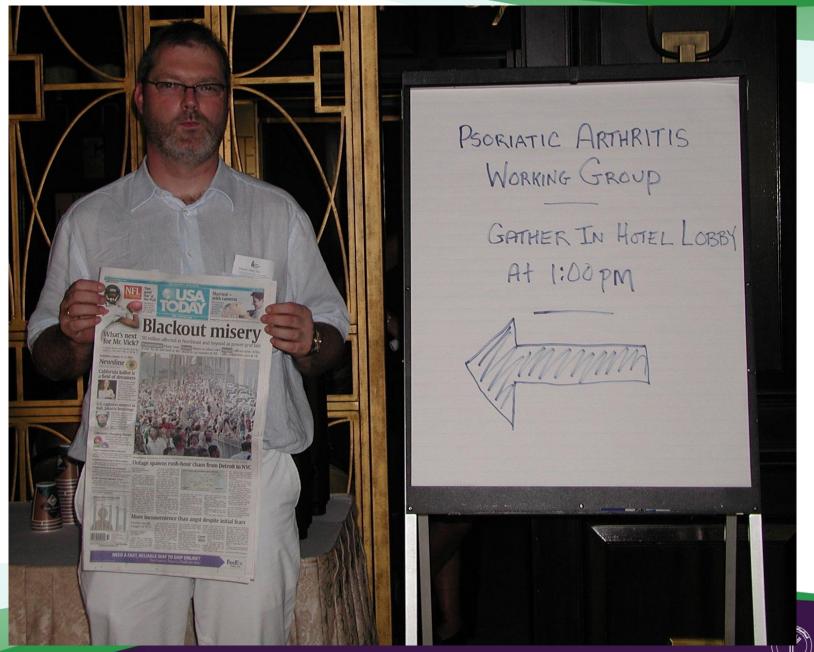






Satellite image of North America on the evening of 14th August 2003





り NOVARTIS









GRAPPA's Mission

GRAPPA is organized exclusively for non-profit, educational, and scientific purposes, specifically to facilitate sharing of information related to psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis, networking among different medical disciplines that see psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis patients, and to enhance research, diagnosis and treatment of psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis.







GRAPPA meetings

- Adjacent to the major rheumatology and dermatology meetings
 - EADV, AAD
 - ACR, EULAR
- An annual standalone meeting





GRAPPA – major projects

- CASPAR
- GRAPPA-OMERACT project on outcome measures in PsA
- GRACE project
- Treatment recommendations: 2015 and 2022
- Education
 - Combined dermatology/rheumatology meetings
 - Slide collection
 - App
 - Training videos
- GRAPPA-industry projects
- Collaborative Research Network (CRN)
 - Innovative Medicines Initiative (IMI) consortium HIPPOCRATES
 - Accelerating Medicines Partnership (AMP) autoimmune and immune-mediated diseases: ELLIPSS consortium



Research Projects









COMPOSITION

D2T/C2M

AXIAL PSA MOLECULAR







Educational Activities

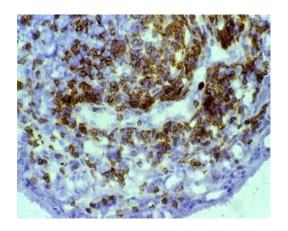
- SPARTAN- GRAPPA
- NPF GRAPPA
- GRAPPA Videos and GRAPPA slide library
- Training in joint and skin assessment
- European Educational Programs
- Individual Country Education GRAPPA standalone meetings
- Patient Education



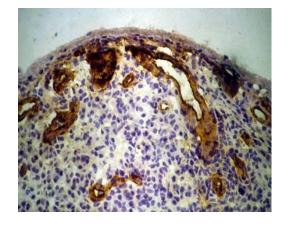


Synovial Immunopathology in PsA

CD4



FVIII



Mean no of cells/mm² (SE)			
	PsA (15)	RA (15)	P-value
CD3	567.22 (151.12)	521.87 (94.33)	
CD8	186.72 (57.24)	250.78 (54.85)	
CD4	385.05 (101.16)	390.73 (47.57)	
CD45RO	432.04 (85.96)	306.11 (56.13)	
B cells	158.42 (34.72)	114.55 (43.27)	
MØ	169.40 (34.72)	358.91 (56.13)	<0.02
Vascularity (No. of vessels/mm²)	244.82 (20.70)	131.90 (16.50)	<0.001
Lining layer mean cell depth (range)	3.56 (2–10)	9.02 (3–32)	<0.01





Patient Research Partners

- Developed through OMERACT work
- Initially few, now 12
- PRPs are assigned to each project
- PRPs contribute to publications



Niti Goel



Maarten DeWit





Young GRAPPA

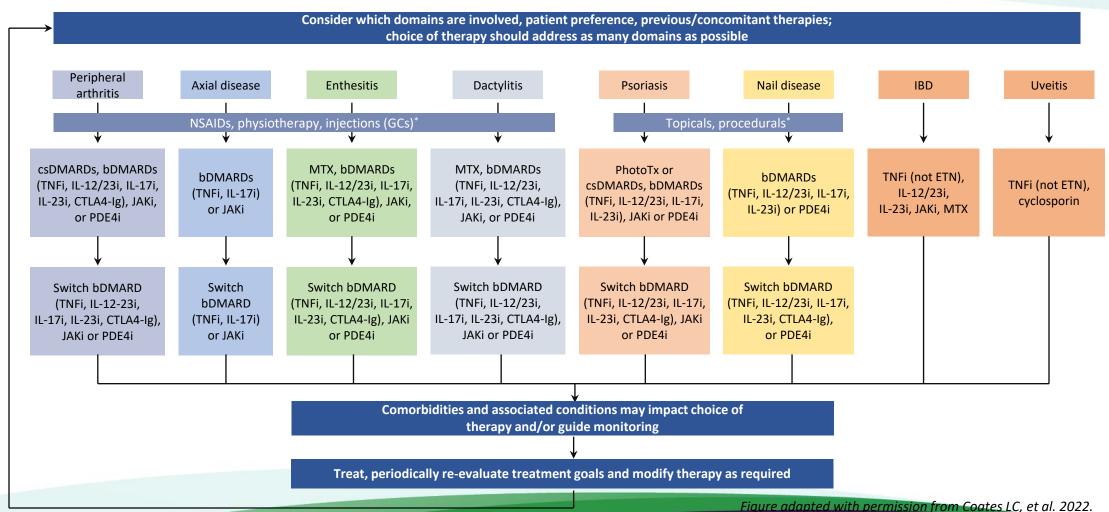
- Get younger rheumatologists and dermatologists more engaged with GRAPPA
- Provide young rheumatologists and dermatologists mentorship
- Provide opportunities for young rheumatologists and dermatologists to collaborate in research







GRAPPA treatment recommendations 2022



^{*}Conditional recommendation based on data from abstracts only.



AND ASSESSMENT OF PICKET AND GRAPPA app: What does it include?

- ✓ About GRAPPA (including website link and how to join)
- ✓ VLDA/MDA treat-to-target calculator
- ✓ PsAID-12

- ✓ PASI/BSA calculator
- Screening questionnaire for dermatologists
- ✓ Key slides from GRAPPA slide set



Format of the app will be modular, allowing additions at a later date









ABOUT THIS APP



Psoriasis Area **Severity Index** (PASI) and Body **Surface Area** (BSA) Calculator



Psoriatic Arthritis Impact of Disease (PsAID) **Questionnaire**

Psoriasis Epidemiology Screening Tool (PEST) Questionnaire



Reference Information

About GRAPPA



About GRAPPA (Group for Research and **Assessment of Psoriasis and Psoriatic Arthritis)**

Our mission: GRAPPA is organised exclusively for non-profit, educational, and scientific purposes, specifically to facilitate sharing of information related to psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis, networking among different medical disciplines that see psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis patients, and to enhance research, diagnosis and treatment of psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis.

Background: Founded in 2003, the idea was to form a consortium of rheumatologists, dermatologists, radiologists, epidemiologists, patient representatives and others who would like to contribute to the field of





GRAPPA – a year in review

- HIPPOCRATES
- AXIS
- AGM Dublin
- EDUCATION
- GOVERNANCE
- FUTURE





HIPPOCRATES background and objectives

Background:

- Psoriatic disease: Complex, polygenic autoimmune disease with diverse clinical features
- Current main therapies for PsA (anti-TNF, anti-IL-17) improve outcomes, but treatment gaps remain





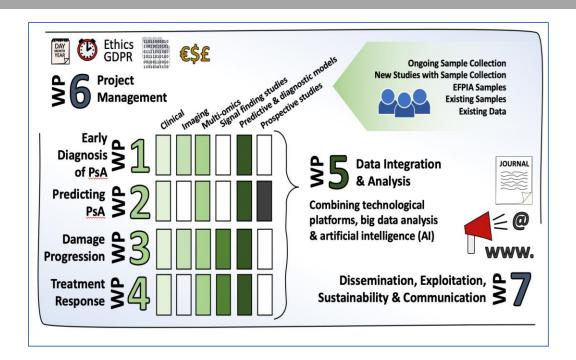
Objectives of HIPPOCRATES:

- Identification of patients with psoriasis at risk of progression to PsA
- Early diagnosis of PsA
- Identification of patients with PsA likely to experience damage progression
- Developing precision medicine approaches to treat PsA patient endotypes





Overview of the work packages and setup, enabling AI approaches from multiple cohorts to identify endotypes and respective biomarkers^{1,2}



- Collating data and biosamples from multiple cohorts to identify and validate biomarkers for PsA diagnosis, risk of developing PsA and of damage progression, as well as prediction of treatment response
- Using machine learning on real-world routinely collected data sets and RCTs from across Europe and via GRAPPA to identify predictive algorithms based on clinical data

Clinical phenotype

Imaging phenotype

+

+

Molecular phenotype

Endotype xyz



.....



Development of a Consensus Definition of Axial Involvement in Psoriatic Arthritis:

a joined ASAS – GRAPPA initiative









Do the radiological changes of classic ankylosing spondylitis differ from the changes found in the spondylitis associated with inflammatory bowel disease, psoriasis, and reactive arthritis?

P S Helliwell, P Hickling, V Wright*

Table 1 Summary of radiological differences reported by McEwen et al⁶

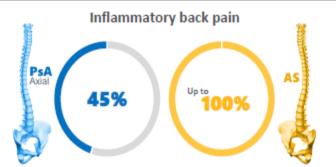
Feature	Ankylosing spondylitis and spondylitis of ulcerative colitis and regional enteritis	Spondylitis associated with psoriasis and reactive arthritis
Sacroiliitis	Severe and symmetrical	Sacroiliitis sometimes unilateral or bilaterally asymmetrical
Symphisitis	More frequent	Less frequent
Osteoporosis	More frequent	Less frequent
Lumbar straightening	More frequent	Less frequent
Apophyseal joint involvement	More frequent	Less frequent
Squaring	More frequent	Less frequent
Syndesmophytes	More frequent, usually symmetrical	Less frequent, usually asymmetrical
Shape and size of syndesmophytes	Marginal (see text)	Usually "other than marginal" (see text)
Ligamentous ossification	More frequent	Less frequent
Progression of syndesmophytes	Lumbar to dorsal to cervical	Random progression

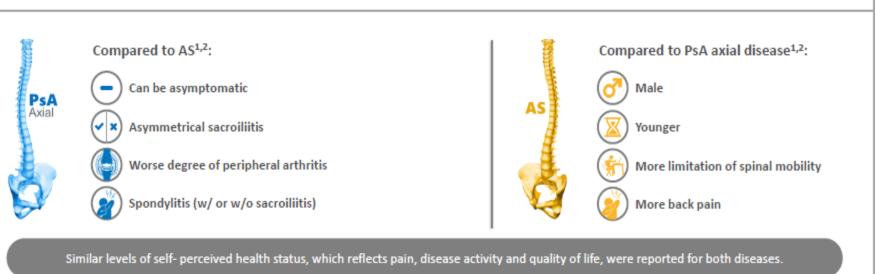


PsA Axial Disease vs AS: Differing Clinical Presentations

Inflammatory back pain is reported by patients with PsA and by patients with AS, and includes¹:

- · Pain in the hips or buttocks that improves with activity and worsens with rest
- · Pain that occurs at night
- · Pain that is responsive to NSAIDs
- · Axial morning stiffness that lasts for more than 30 minutes





Feld J, Ye JY, Chandran V, Inman RD, Haroon N, Cook R, et al. Is axial psoriatic arthritis distinct from ankylosing spondylitis with and without concomitant psoriasis? Rheumatology. 2019;59(6):1340-6.





Genetics in PsA Axial Disease vs Ankylosing Spondylitis

HLA-B*39+ in axial PsA vs PsO

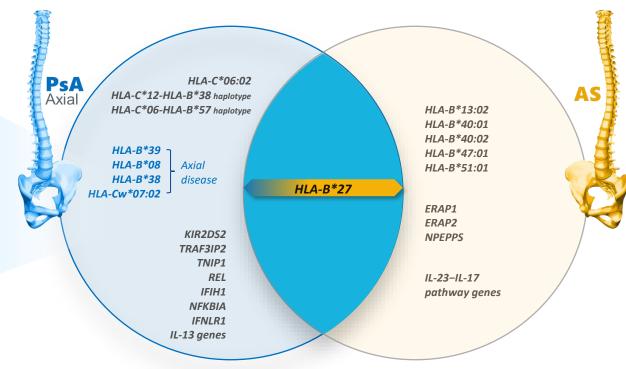
 $(OR 2.51, 95\% CI 1.25-5.01, P = 0.009)^{1}$

HLA-B*27, HLA-B*08 and HLA-B*38

Have specifically been linked to axial PsA¹

HLA-Cw*07:02

Associated with axial PsA in a Spanish cohort $(OR 5.0; 95\% CI 1.4-25.0, P = 0.01)^2$



Feld J, et al. Nat Rev Rheumatol. 2018;14:363-371.

Cl=confidence interval; HLA=human leukocyte antigen; ERAP=endoplasmic reticulum aminopeptidase; IFIH1=interferon induced with helicase C domain 1; IFNLR1=interferon lambda receptor 1; IL=interleukin; KIR=killer cell immunoglobulin like receptor, two Ig domains and short cytoplasmic tail 2; NFKBIA=nuclear factor kappa B inhibitor alpha; NPEPPS=aminopeptidase puromycin sensitive; PsA=psoriatic arthritis; PsO=psoriasis; OR=odds ratio; REL=reticuloendotheliosis; TRAF3IP2=Tumor necrosis factor receptor associated factor 3 interacting protein 2.

1. Eder L, et al. Ann Rheum Dis. 2012;71:50-55. 2. Queiro R, et al. Arthritis Res Ther. 2006;8(6):R185





Arthritis Care & Research

Vol. 73, No. 6, June 2021, pp 856–860 DOI 10.1002/acr.24174 © 2020, American College of Rheumatology

The Phenotype of Axial Spondyloarthritis: Is It Dependent on HLA-B27 Status?

Laura C. Coates, 1 Xenofon Baraliakos, 2 Francisco J. Blanco, 3 Elena Alonso Blanco-Morales, 3 Jurgen Braun, 2 Vinod Chandran, 4 Jose Luis Fernandez-Sueiro, 7 Oliver FitzGerald, 5 Phil Gallagher, 5 Dafna D. Gladman, 4 Elena Gubar, 6 Tatiana Korotaeva, 6 Elena Loginova, 6 Ennio Lubrano, 7 Juan Mulero, 9 Jose Pinto-Tasende, 3 Ruben Queiro, 9 Jesús Sanz Sanz, 9 Agnes Szentpetery, 10 and Philip S. Helliwell 11

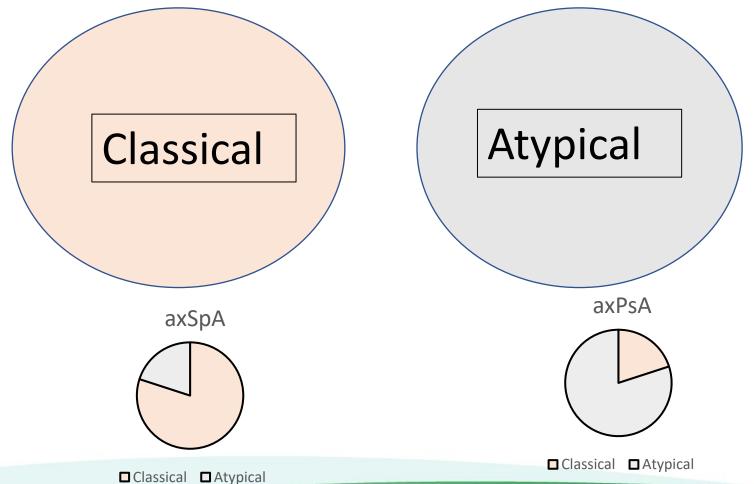
Table 1. Demographic details of the cohort, fulfillment of ASAS criteria, and radiographic damage scores*

	HLA-B27 positive (n = 208)	HLA-B27 negative (n = 234)	Difference between B27+ and B27- (continuous data) and odds ratios (categorical data)	Р
Age, mean ± SD years	49.1 ± 14.2	53.8 ± 13.8	-4.7 (-7.4, -2.1)†	< 0.0001
Male	152 (73)	138 (59)	1.9 (1.3, 2.8)‡	0.002
Duration of disease, mean ± SD years	13.6 ± 11.9	11.0 ± 10.2	2.6 (0.5, 4.7)†	0.02
Fulfills clinical arm, ASAS criteria	68 (33)	0	NA	< 0.0001
Fulfills radiographic arm, ASAS criteria	177 (85)	149 (64)	3.3 (2.1, 5.2)‡	< 0.0001
mSASSS score, median (range)	6 (0-72)	2 (0-72)	0.5 (0-3)§	0.04
PASRI score, median (range)	12 (0-71)	6 (0-71)	5 (3-7)§	< 0.0001
BASDAI, mean ± SD	4.1 ± 2.0	3.5 ± 2.4	0.6 (0.2, 1.1)†	0.009





GRAPPA
GROUP FOR RESEARCH
AND ASSESSMENT OF PSONIA TO PS





Does it really matter?

YES!

- Classification of disease
- Treatment





ASAS Classification Criteria for Axial Spondyloarthritis (SpA)

In patients with ≥3 months back pain and age at onset <45 years

OR

Sacroiliitis on imaging*
plus
≥1 SpA feature#



#SpA features

- inflammatory back pain
- arthritis
- enthesitis (heel)
- uveitis
- dactylitis
- psoriasis
- Crohn's/colitis
- good response to NSAIDs
- family history for SpA
- HLA-B27
- elevated CRP

*Sacroiliitis on imaging

- active (acute) inflammation on MRI highly suggestive of sacroiliitis associated with SpA
- definite radiographic sacroiliitis according to mod NY criteria

n=649 patients with back pain;

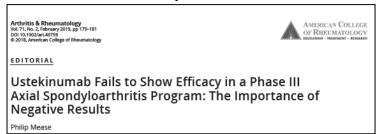
Sensitivity: 82.9%, Specificity: 84.4%

Imaging alone: Sensitivity: 66.2%, Specificity: 97.3%





GRAPE ative Results From Clinical Studies Question the Role of IL-23 in AS | IL-12/23 | IL-23 | IL-2





Clinical and epidemiological research Risankizumab, an IL-23 inhibitor, for ankylosing spondylitis: results of a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, proof-of-concept, dose-finding phase 2 study Dominique Baeten, Mikkel Østergaard, James Cheng-Chung Wei, Lachton Sieper, Pentti Järvinen, Lai-Shan Tam, Carlo Salvarani, Jae-Hwan Kim, Jahan Solinger, Yakov Datsenko, Acardo Salvarani, Sudha Visvanathan, Lachton Tamanda Salvarani, Sudha Visvanathan, Lachton Javid B Hall, Stella Aslanyan, Paul Scholl, Steven J Padula Lachton

Conclusions Treatment with risankizumab did not meet the study primary endpoint and showed no evidence of clinically meaningful improvements compared with placebo in patients with active AS, suggesting that IL-23 may not be a relevant driver of disease pathogenesis and symptoms in AS.

Efficacy and Safety Study of SUNPG1622 (tildrakizumab)

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT02980705

Recruitment Status **1**: Terminated (Study terminated-Sponsor's decision)

First Posted **1**: December 2, 2016 Last Update Posted **1**: June 7, 2019

1. Mease P. Arthritis & Rheum. 2019;71(2):179-181. 2. Deodhar A et al. Arthritis Rheumatol. 2019;71:258-270. 3. Baeten D et al. Rheum Dis. 2018;77:1295-1302. 4. ClinicalTrials.gov. https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/study/NCT02980705.







ORIGINAL RESEARCH

Effects of ustekinumab on spondylitisassociated endpoints in TNFi-naïve active psoriatic arthritis patients with physician-reported spondylitis: pooled results from two phase 3, randomised, controlled trials

Philip S Helliwell , ¹ Dafna D Gladman , ² Soumya D Chakravarty, ^{3,4} Shelly Kafka, ³ Chetan S Karyekar, ⁵ Yin You, ⁶ Kim Campbell, ⁶ Kristen Sweet, ⁶ Arthur Kavanaugh, ⁷ Lianne S Gensler





Development of the ASAS – GRAPPA consensus definition of axial involvement in psoriatic arthritis

Objective: development of a consensus definition for axial involvement in PsA to be used primarily in clinical trials.







The Survey

- Invitation sent to all ASAS (n=183) and GRAPPA (n=698) members 27.12.2018, reminder – 10.01.2019, survey closed – 14.01.2019.
- A total of 67 colleagues were members of both ASAS and GRAPPA (only one survey completion was allowed per person).
- The survey has been finally completed by 186 ASAS/GRAPPA members (106 ASAS, 123 GRAPPA, 43 both societies).





GRAPPA Results: criterion ranking (all, n=186)

		Median	Mean
1	Presence of structural damage on an X-ray of sacroiliac joints	2	2,8
2	Presence of structural damage on an X-ray of spine	3,5	4,1
3	Presence of subchondral bone marrow edema / osteitis on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) of sacroiliac joints (SIJ) compatible with spondyloarthritis	4	4,5
4	Presence of bone marrow edema / osteitis on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) of spine compatible with spondyloarthritis (presence of anterior/posterior spondylitis in ≥3 sites)	4	5,0
5	History or current presence of back pain (entire spine including neck)	5,5	5,8
6	History of or current presence of inflammatory back pain (IBP)	5,5	6,0
7	Good response of back pain to non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs - NSAIDs	8	7,8
8	HLA-B27	8	8,1
9	Family history (first- or second degree relatives) for spondyloarthritis	9,5	9,0
10	Elevated C-reactive protein - CRP (above upper normal limit, after exclusion of other causes for elevation)	10	9,3
11	Presence of peripheral arthritis and/or enthesitis and/or dactylitis (past or present, diagnosed by a physician)	10	9,4
12	Presence of anterior uveitis (past or present, diagnosed by an ophthalmologist)	10	9,5
13	Presence of inflammatory bowel disease - IBD (past or present, diagnosed by a physician)	10	9,6



GRAPPA Annual meeting in Dublin July 2023







Pre-meeting workshops – US, IDEOM, CRN

Trainee symposium

Workshops – axial lesions on MRI, co-morbidities

Debates – MTX as 1st line? Biologics for mild psoriasis.

Enthesitis as primary lesion

Breakouts – derm/rheum collaboration

Plenary sessions – difficult to treat PsA





Educational meetings this year

- Leeds GRAPPA Feb 2024
- Latin America Regional Course: Cartagena, Colombia May 4, 2024
- Cairo, Egypt May 24, 2024
- Curitiba, Brazil August 16-17, 2024
- APLAR: Singapore August 2024
- Sardinia, Italy September 2024
- GRAPPA Scientific Standalone on Psoriatic Disease: Dubai, UAE, October 18-29, 2024
- GRAPPA UK Webinar/Workshop 2-part online miniseries in October and November 2024
- Bangladesh Potential meeting in the works.
- Sri Lanka GRAPPA Workshop October 23, 2024
- GRAPPA Workshop Adjacent to the Indian Rheumatology Association Meeting November 2024
- SPARTAN-GRAPPA-ASAS Symposium November 2024
- Mexico SPARTAN-GRAPPA Educational Symposium February 2025

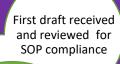




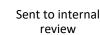
MAY 2022



JUNE 2023



 Sent back to the team if necessary



 Revisions are required from the team



Annie Spangler made the final amendments to the outline and CRs received

 The final deck was sent to the website to be uploaded









Suggested for you

Views by Page title and scree		⊘ ▼
PAGE TITLE AND S		VIEWS
GRAPPA Slide Library	148	† 22.3%
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Insights & recommendations

Mourall incidate







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Ingrid Steinkoenig Vibeke Strand William Tillett Leonieke van Mens









Membership Arthur Kavanaugh Rheum Co-Chair





Finance/Development

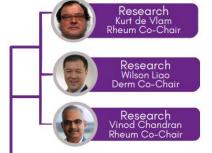
Grants

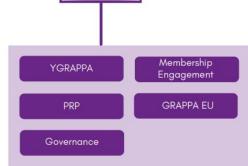
Corporate Partner Liaison













Treatment Recommendations

Meetings



OMERACT

Trainee Symposium

Imaging *MRI & Ultrasound ARTIS



GRAPPA – future developments?

The future is bright

Real chance of early intervention to prevent progression (if not prevention) from psoriasis to PsA

Better care of psoriatic disease patients with collaborative working

Better treatment algorithms – the right treatment for the right patient at the right time





The role of GRAPPA

- World-wide collaboration with over 1300 members
- Opportunity to develop collaboration between dermatology and rheumatology
- Research will answer some major questions Hippocrates and Ellipss
- Education
 - multidisciplinary meetings like this
 - On line educational symposia (allow much greater exposure)
 - Slide collection





Thank you!

